

Product Sustainability Identity Card



Importer: Aodaci Lda.

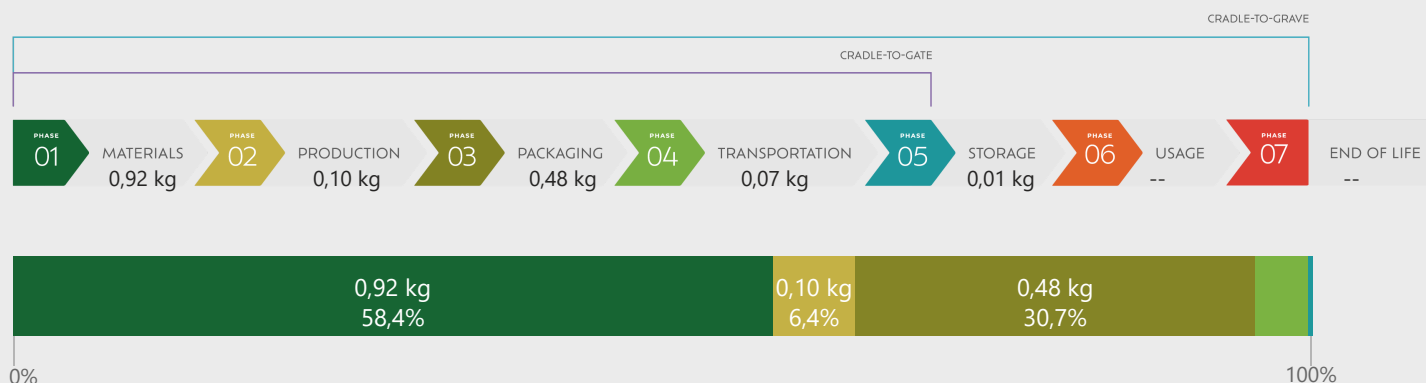
Item number: AUM001

Breakdown of CO₂ footprint

Our aim is to emit as little greenhouse gas as possible. To achieve this, we set out to quantify the carbon footprint of each product, working directly with suppliers and the supply chain to collect the most accurate data. This isn't a one-off exercise, but the result of continuous improvement in stakeholder communication and the methodology used to calculate emissions. This enable our customers to play an important role in reducing these emissions through their choices.

The approach to calculate the Carbon footprint of products was carried out from Cradle to Gate perspective, that is, the calculation boundary is closed until the product is delivered by manufacturers to the facilities where the products are stored, except for technological products, in which the approach is Cradle to Grave. A Cradle to Grave perspective considers the stages of use of the product as well as its end of life.

For each product, an analysis was carried out in terms for the different stages if the life cycle:

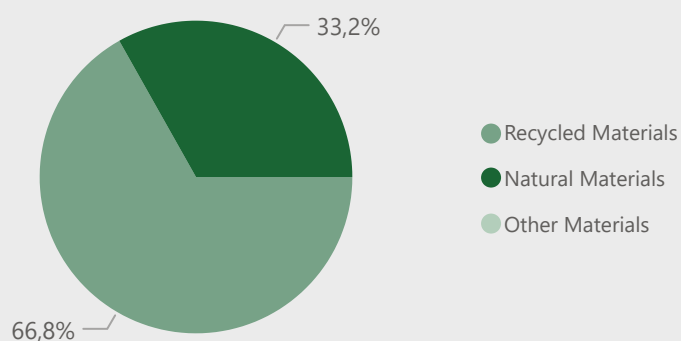


Sustainable Materials Composition

In order to inform our customers and help them make informed and sustainable choices, we believe it is important to share the materials most commonly used in the manufacture of our products and their packaging, so that our customers can understand the true impact of their choices.

AODACI's strategic goal is to increase the percentage of sustainable materials used in our collection wherever possible.

Main Material: Recycled Polyester (rPET)



Methodology verified and reviewed by Bureau Veritas

The methodology for calculating the carbon footprint of each product adheres to ISO 14067:2018 standards and has been verified and reviewed by Bureau Veritas in accordance with ISO 14064-3:2019.

It is important to clarify that Bureau Veritas has audited only the model itself, and no claims are made regarding the specific values for each product.